Numb. 265.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From December 20. to December 31. 1733.

From the Grubſtreet Journal, *LONDON, Aug.* 23. 1733.

A new Candidate *for the Crown of Poland.*

My dear Couſhin BAVIUSH,

I MUSHT informe you, my dear Joy, that all my poſhterity were Baviuſhes, --- both ſhirnames and chriſhen names, boyeſh and girleſh, were every mothers ſhon of them named Baviuſh. And as I find that your *Shournall* comes out every day oneſh a week, and that you are a ſhecretary, and can read and write, you may do your relaſhon very great muſh kindneſs. For arra joy! in the firſht and ſecond plaaſh, I muſht be after on telling you, that I have long had a petiſhion in my pocket, to be made a great man; and have waited for that purpoſh upon two lords footmans, my old acquaintance by my mother's ſhide; all-both promiſhed to get me into biſhneſs very ſhpeedily, one time or other, in the black guard, or cuſhtom houſh. But indeed now, I have got no-ting at all, nor that nither. Therefore my requeſht is, that as there is now hereafter, a very great opportunityeſh to do a ſhmall matterſh for your he-couſhin, my owne ſhelfe; that you will be grapeouſly pleaſhed, to maake me king of Poland, till ſhomething better may be done for me. I muſht tell you, my dear couſhin, this may ſaave muſh chriſhan bloodſhed, and many good catholik liveſh. For I will have no fightingſh nor quarrellingſh, but only prayingſh to the Pope and St. Patrick, and burning of hereticksh, and drinking of uſhqubaugh, and eating bonny-clabber and potatoeſh, and ſinging lilliburleero.

If you pleaſh, dear couſhin, to put me on board the Frenſh ſquadron, with couſhin *Staniſlaus*, we may be both king of Polands; or he may be king and arra! I may be king over him, which will be as well, for the better: and then, couſhin, you ſhall be knighted, and be a great lords, or an exciſhman; and I will marry your godmother, and maake a man of her.--- But I muſht deſire of you, to lend me five pundſh, to buy me an equipage; or if you have not ſo muſh ready monyſh abroad, in the houſhe, let me have forty ſhillingſh and give me bond for the reſht. I deſire your ſpeedy anſwer, by the next poſht, ſhome day before Chriſhmas, by the firſt return of the carryer, and write carriſh paid; becauſe I have no monyſh to pay the porteriſh, and owe my landladyeſh two ninepenſhes for loſhing in her garret, a fortnight and two weekſh. Thuſh, my dear joy, in doing your ſhelfe no good, and me no hurtſh, you will allways ſometimeſh oblige bote my owne ſhelfe, and all my predeceſhors, to the end of the worldſh. And now, deare joy, if it be needleſh, and I ſhould come ſhort, of failing to be king of Polands, I petiſhion your negliſhence, that I may be made a man-midwife, or a confecſhioner, or a boot-catcher in ſome ale-houſe, that is a great inn, indeed now; and ſho I reſht your owne deare couſhine,

Dearmot Mac Baviuſh.

On the Queen *and the* Buſtoes *plac'd in her* Grotto.

DEſcend from heav'n, Urania, ſacred gueſt,
And now with all thy fervours warm my breaſt,
To the high theme of Carolina's praiſe,
And each diſtinguiſh'd ſage my numbers raiſe.
Say, what ennobles moſt a royal name,
And wins a glorious, an immortal fame?
Not the bright crown, the proud triumphal car,
With all the trophies of ſucceſsful war.
How many thouſand kings have ſunk to duſt,
Their mem'ries and their names for ever loſt?
A thouſand victors in oblivion lye,
Whoſe loud applauſe once ſhook the vaulted sky;
Why are they ſhrouded in eternal night?
'Cauſe unillumin'd with fair virtue's light:
'Tis virtue only wins th' immortal prize,
Virtue, more durable than earth or skies!
'Twas this, Britannia, taught the blooming maid
To ſlight the crown which at her feet was laid;
In vain the charms of empire tempt her youth
To deviate from the paths of ſacred truth;
How juſtly heav'n her pious zeal approves,
And gives a crown to guard the faith ſhe loves!
By her example, ye diſtinguiſh'd fair,
Who the ſame awful heights of empire ſhare,
By her example, form each royal grace,
And ſhow'r down bleſſings on your ſubject race.
Virtue and ſcience! lo they both unite,
And blaze in Caroline with matchleſs light!
From ſplendid ſcenes which females moſt admire,
Behold the ſolitary Queen retire!
She ſeeks her humble Cell, and turns her eyes,
Where the five venerable Buſtoes riſe;
Then feeds on thoughts ſublime which raiſe the mind
Above the trifling cares of humankind;
With Boyle, the ſecret ſprings of nature views,
And the coy pow'r thro' all her wilds purſues.
With Wollaſton, revolves the moral tyes
Which mutually from conſcious beings riſe;
Beings, in one great common int'reſt joyn'd,
And all dependent on th' eternal mind.
Now, Locke, the human ſoul's extenſive pow'rs
(Thy own great theme) employ her ſtudious hours;
Then wafting ſoft from empyreal skies,
Religion like a blooming cherub flies
Lur'd by perſuaſive Clarke; the royal breaſt
Receives with rapture the celeſtial gueſt:
And now ſhe leaves the earth, and wings her flight
With Newton thro' unbounded fields of light;
Enraptur'd tracks the planets wandring way,
And orbits where excentrick comets ſtray:
Millions of worlds poſſeſs the vaſt profound!
Millions of ſuns with planets circling round!
Planets, which ſecondary planets grace,
Endleſs the wonders of th' ethereal ſpace!
Theſe are the ſtudies which a Queen admires;
String to her praiſe, ye bards, your ſounding lyres,
In ev'ry clime repeat her honour'd name,
And ſpread thro' hers your own immortal fame.
O Richmond, happy in ſo great a gueſt!
Whoſe praiſe ſhall all thy pleaſing ſcenes out-laſt:
Thy palaces to waſting time may yield.
Thy hill be level'd with the humble field;

Old

Old Thames may fail, or chooſe a diff'rent way,
And thro' remoter plains his waves convey.
But Carolina's fame no damage fears
From the wild ravage of a thouſand years:
Her Grotto fate ſhall from oblivion ſave,
Till fainting nature ſeeks a final grave.

Vienna, Sept. 26. Their Imperial Majeſties are expected the Day after To-morrow from Halbthurn. The Court has made a Treaty with the Biſhop of Bamburg and Wurtsburg, to take into the Emperor's Pay 4600 Men of the Troops of that Prelate. Another Courier is arrived from Warſaw, with Advice, that the Elector of Saxony's Party increaſes daily, and 'twas believed the Confederates would repair to the Electoral Camp before the Time fixed for the Dyet of Election, which is not till the 6th of next Month, in order to proceed to the Choice of a new King. We are perſuaded here that the Saxons will enter Poland to ſupport the Party of his Royal Highneſs; and 'tis pretended from Glagow, that 200 Saxon Carpenters are arrived at Glenitz, to labour in the building a Bridge for the Paſſage of the Troops.

Berlin, Octob. 3. A Courier arrived this Morning from Paris with Diſpatches from the Ambaſſador of France, and for the Marquis de Luzerne, Commander of the French Squadron; and the latter thereupon gave Orders to all the Officers who were aſhore, to embark, and gave a Signal for the Squadron to put to Sea.

London, Octob 3. Yeſterday Morning Mr. Francis Crochet, a noted Fiſhmonger without Temple Bar (ſaid to be the Perſon that robb'd the Gentleman in his Coach, in Hyde-Park, and was cloſely purſued, but made off in a Hackney Coach) was taken in his Shop, and carried before Juſtice Lambert, who committed him to Newgate.

The following is a particular Account (as we hear) of what paſs'd after Mr. Crotchet had commited the Robbery: He was purſued from Hyde-Park through Piccadilly, and as he paſs'd along the People cried out, ſtop the Highwayman; he had a Piſtol in each Hand, and riding ſwiftly on, his Hat flew off, as alſo the Crape before his Face; and paſſing by a Hackney Coachman (who generally ply'd at Temple Bar) he cried out, I know him; accordingly, the next Morning he went to his Shop to buy Herrings, and after ſome Diſcourſe, ſaid, Maſter, how came you to ride ſo faſt through Piccadilly laſt Night? he cried for God's Sake ſay no more, or I'm ruin'd; upon which the Coachman reply'd, if you'l fetch the Things down which you rob'd the Gentleman of, and go with me to him to return them, you may depend you ſhall not be hurt; accordingly he produc'd the Gold Watch, and an Agate Snuff-Box ſet in Gold, &c. They went and importuned the Gentleman not to proſecute him, he being in great Neceſſity, and it being the firſt Fact he ever committed; but the Gentleman reply'd, The Laws of England oblig'd him ſo to do.

Hampton-Court, Sept. 26. This Day M. de Loſs, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of Saxony had his firſt private Audience of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Royal, and their Royal Highn. the Princeſſes Amelia and Carolina, to which he was introduced by Sir Clem. Cotterel, Knt. Maſter of the Ceremonies.

He was afterwards introduced to a private Audience of their Royal Highneſſes the Princeſſes Mary and Louiſa, by the Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, Octob. 3. N. S.

'On the 25th and 26th paſt, the Fleet from 'Pernambuco arrived here, bringing about '6000 Cheſts of Sugar, 11000 Hides, ſome 'Wood, Tobacco, Diamonds, and about One 'Million of Cruſados in Gold; on the 1ſt Cur-'rent arrived the miſſing Ship from Paraiba, 'Mary and Joſeph and Santa Anna, Capt. Joao 'dos Santos. An Advice Boat is arrived in '36 Days from Bahai, where the Man of War 'arrived from Goa.

Yeſterday began the Seſſions at the Old Baily, when the Trial of Mr. Francis Crotchet, the Fiſhmonger without Temple Bar, came on before the Lord Mayor, Mr. Juſtice Denton, and Mr. Baron Comyns, for robbing the Lady and Daughter of Dr. Cliffton, Phyſician to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, lately in Hyde-Park, of a Gold Watch and other Things of Value: He was try'd on two Indictments, to which he pleaded Not Guilty; and after examining ſeveral Witneſſes to prove the Facts, and he making but a ſlender Defence the Jury bro't him in Guilty. He produc'd upwards of thirty Perſons to his Character, but the Court acquainted him it would not avail any thing here, the Fact being plainly proved againſt him, though perhaps it may have ſome Influence elſewhere.

Luxemburgh, Sept. 19. Our Apprehenſions of a Bombardment or Blockade increaſe more and more; however, the Place is provided with every thing neceſſary. Some Days ago we were generally alarmed by the French having drawn ſome Regiments out of Sirk, Rettel Roten, Mercheren and Koning Mercheren, and advancing with them a ſmall Diſtance from this Place, and with a large Quantity of Ammunition, Bombs, &c. but after a ſhort continuance they returned back, having miſcarried in the Advantage they expected to take by a Conſpiracy that had been hatched, but timely diſcover'd, viz. a Spy having given a Packet of Letters to a Woman of Holerich, to deliver to a Dancing-Maſter and Inn-keeper, named Le Blanc, the Woman, inſtead of delivering it to him ſent it by a Perſon to the commanding Officer here, telling him that a Frenchman waited without for an Anſwer: The ſaid Officer cauſed it to be handed to the Governor, Count de Nieperg, who immediately gave Orders for ſeizing the ſaid Le Blanc, his Wife and Son, which being done, the Spy was alſo taken, and all of them cloſe confined. We know not yet the Particulars of this Conſpiracy, but 'tis ſaid this

City

City was to have been ſet on Fire by ſome treacherous Perſons in it in ſeveral Parts at once, &c.

Paris, Sept. 17. Equipages of the Prince de Dombes, and the Count d'Eau, were ſent away this Week for Alſace, and that of the Duke de Noailles the 12th for Dauphine, and the 14th the Baggage of the Prince of Conti, who in caſe of a War, will ſerve at the Head of his Regiment: This Regiment was reviewed the 15th, at Meaux, by that Prince. We hear that the King of Pruſſia is to meet and confer with Prince Eugene, in the Camp at Pilſen, concerning the Succours which his Majeſty is to ſend into the Emperor's Service, in caſe of a War. Reports run here that the Spaniards propoſe, to have next Year an Army of 50,000 Men in Italy, beſides the Troops which France will ſend thither.

Conſtantinople, Aug. 24. The Porte has receiv'd Advice by ſeveral Expreſſes, of the total Overthrow of the Perſian Army, by our Troops, who took beſides a great Number of Priſoners, all their Cannon and Baggage, on which account great rejoicings have been made here three Days ſucceſſively; and the like has been done by the Foreign Miniſters at the Deſire of the Court. 'Tis aſſured, that the Ottoman Porte will not meddle in the Poliſh Affairs, and that this has been ſignified to the Miniſters of the Emperor and Ruſſia.

Leghorn, Sept. 4. The Captain of a Ship arrived here, reports, that the Spaniſh Squadron was ſailed from Barcelona for the Coaſt of Italy, and was left four Leagues from this City. The Affairs of Corſica are not yet in ſuch a Situation as the Republick of Genoa could wiſh for, the People of that Iſland having found a new Subject for Diſcontent on the following Account. Certain Enquiries and Proceedings having cauſed Diſtruſt in a Perſon named Francis Alexandrini, one of the Chiefs of the late Revolution, he retired with his Wife and Children into the Church of Canart at Cape Corſica, where he thought himſelf in that Azile ſecure from all Perquiſitions; but the Biſhop of Nebbio, on whom that Church depends, being influenced by Signior Jerom Palavicini, Commiſſary of the Republick, ſuffered him to come and carry off that Corſican, whom they impriſoned in the Caſtle of Baſtia. All his Countrymen complain of this Action, pretending that it is unjuſt, and contrary to the general Amneſty, and that ſince the ſaid Amneſty had been publiſhed Alexandrini had taken no unwarrantable Steps.

Rome, Aug. 22 It was reported three or four Days ago that Cardinal Firau had wrought a Miracle upon Cardinal Coſcia; that his Eminence, for the Sake of being abſolv'd from his Excommunication, had yielded to pay the 30,000 Crowns which he had ſimonically received for a few Church Livings, not worth naming: Every body was pleas'd that he had ſhew'd this Mark of Repentance, and the whole City rung of Firau's Addreſs and Management, that could be able to draw Blood out of a Stone. But alas! when the Miſt clear'd up, the Mountain was not one Jot remov'd; Coſcia was Coſcia ſtill. Cardinal Firau left nothing unſaid or undone; but he might as well have got his Teeth out of his Head, or his Bones out of his Skin, as a Penny out of his Pocket. His Confrere told him, if he could not part with the 30,000 crowns, at leaſt he propoſed to him to pay half of the Money, but it would not do; he importun'd him to pay 10,000, but he was inflexible ſtill; he deſired him to refund 1000 Crowns, but he would not bite even at that; he beſeech'd him to pay his Holineſs, at laſt, but 100 Piſtoles, as a Mark of his Obedience, to let him ſee he was diſpos'd to do ſomething in order to merit his Abſolution; but Coſcia, to ſhew that he did not put that Value upon his ſordid Soul, anſwer'd him, that he had no Money at all. The Cardinal then charitably told him, that he would pay ſuch a Sum for him, if his Eminence would conſent to it; upon which Coſcia reply'd that he would contract no Debts.

Sept. 7. The Pope is again indiſpoſed with the Gout; however, his Holineſs gave Audience Yeſterday to the Chevalier St. George, on Occaſion of ſome Letters he received from foreign Parts, and his Adherents begin to talk of great Things in his Favour, but others imagine they are again building Caſtles in the Air.

Dantzick, Sept. 26. The laſt Advices from Warſaw obſerve, that ſeveral Grandees of King Staniſlaus's Party have, after the Example of Count Poniatowski, reſign'd their Employments; but there has been a Rencounter near Binſchau between the Van-Guard of the Ruſſian Army, and twelve Companies of Poliſh Horſe, wherein above 300 Polanders were kill'd on the Spot, with ſeveral wounded; that the ſaid Army is compoſed of 70000 effective Men and is to be augmented to 100,000 by the Saxon Troops, which are coming to join them; and that the Confederates are actually making proper Diſpoſitions to paſs the Viſtula.

Dreſden Octob. 1. All the Saxon Troops are in full March to aſſemble near Guben; the Elector our Sovereign being reſolv'd, in Caſe he is proclaim'd King by the Confederates to ſupport his Election by Force of Arms.

London, Sept. 28. We hear that their Excellencies Baron Hamilton and Baron Stork Envoys Extraordinary from the Duke of Holſtein to this Court, have it in commiſſion to propoſe a Marriage between the Duke their Maſter and Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Amelia.

His Highneſs is about 33 Years of Age. His Mother was Sophia, favourite ſiſter to Charles XII. late King of Sweden, and to the preſent Queen; to which Kingdom His Highneſs will probably ſucceed after the death of their Majeſties. He was a great Favourite at the Ruſſian Court in the Reigns of Peter the Great and Katharine; and marry'd in 1725 the Princeſs Anne, ſiſter of the late Peter II. Emperor

Emperor of Ruſſia, but ſhe died three Years after, leaving one Son.

London, Sept. 24. There are lately arrived from Turkey by Capt. Bookey, two Egyptian Mummies, ſaid to be the Bodies of Mark Anthony and Cleopatra, from Grand Cairo, which are accounted very curious, having been view'd by ſeveral Gentlemen of the Royal Society; are to be ſhewn to their Majeſties and the Royal Family, and afterwards to be repoſited in Weſtminſter Abbey. They were ſent as a Preſent to the Turkey Company.

Boſton, Dec. 13. We have the Satisfaction to inform our Readers, that the two Men ſaid in our former to be drowned in a Sloop near Cape *Anne*, were taken out of the ſaid Sloop (near Cape *Cod*) alive, about five Days after they loſt their Maſt, tho' almoſt ſpent with Cold and Labour, and want of Food.

New-York, Decemb. 19. On the 13th Inſtant the Sloop Albany *John Davis*, arrived here in 21 Days from St. *Chriſtophers*, and brings the deplorable News, that the Negroes on the Iſland of St. *John's* near St. *Thomas's*, had intirely maſſacred all the White People on that Iſland, conſiſting of about 200 Families, and were very inhumane in the Execution of their Murders: That ſome Forces were ſent from St. *Thomas's* to ſubdue them, but were beaten off by the Negroes, who have fortified themſelves. That the Governor of St. *Thomas's* had ſent to St. *Chriſtopher's* for Aſſiſtance.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, *Dec.* 24. *Entred In.*
Schermerhorn from R. Iſland, Thibou from Jamaica.
Entred Out. Clark for Ireland, Wolf for Jamaica.
Cleared. Lawrence to Coracoa, Ratſey to Barbadoes, Smith & Keirſtede to Jamaica.

PHILADELPHIA, Janaury 1.

On Tueſday laſt about three a clock in the Morning a Fire broke out in Black-Horſe-Alley, which very much damag'd the Inſide of the Houſe, but was timely extinguiſh'd. And.

On Sunday Morning laſt a Fire began in a Pot-houſe in Market-Street, but was ſoon put out.

To the Honourable PATRICK GORDON, *Eſq; Lieut. Governor of the Province of* Pennſylvania, *&c.*

The *ADDRESS* of the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the ſaid Province in General Aſſembly met.

[*In anſwer to the SPEECH inſerted in our laſt.*]

May it pleaſe the Governor,

'IT is no ſmall Satisfacton to us, that thoſe Difficulties which obſtructed the publick Affairs of this Province, are removed: And it is with Pleaſure we embrace the Opportunity now offered us, ſincerely to congratulate the Governor on his being continued by our Honourable Proprietors their Lieutenant, under a new Appointment iſſued with the Royal Approbation. We are very ſenſible of the Obligations we are under for the good Opinion the Governor is pleaſed to entertain of us; And we hope our future Conduct will demonſtrate our Endeavours to ſupport a Character ſo much to our Advantage, by our Readineſs to do every thing in our Power, conducive to the real Happineſs of this Province, and the Good of thoſe we repreſent.

'The Regulations neceſſary to be made concerning Flour exported from this Province, and an Act for continuing an Exciſe upon ſtrong Liquors, have been under the Conſideration of the Aſſembly which preceeded Us; And had it not been for thoſe Accidents the Governor has been pleaſed to mention, which obſtructed the Buſineſs of the Country, we conceive little had remained neceſſary for us now to do: And thoſe Obſtacles being now happily removed, we ſhall apply ourſelves to the Conſideration of thoſe Matters, in the manner their Importance juſtly deſerves. And although we have no Reaſon to doubt, but that the Funds appropriated for defraying the Charges of Government, are ſufficient to the End for which they were deſigned; Yet if on further Examination any Deficiency ſhould appear, we are willing to make ſuch Proviſion as the Emergence may render neceſſary: And That we conceive may effectually be done, without the Aid of a Provincial-Tax, which at this Juncture would be unneceſſary, as well as unacceptable to our Conſtituents.

'We gratefully acknowledge the Bleſſings of Peace which we enjoy, under the Protection of a Gracious Sovereign; and our Happineſs in Proprietaries, who manifeſt their Regard and Concern for our Welfare. And we deſire with becoming Unanimity to purſue ſuch Meaſures as may beſt advance the Reputation of this Colony, and moſt effectually contribute to the Advantage of all its Inhabitants; from whom in general, and from our ſelves in particular, we hope ſuch further Teſtimonies of Good-will and Affection may be added, as may continue the Governor's Inclinations of doing hereafter, as heretofore he hath done, the moſt agreeable Services in his Power. *Signed by Order of the Houſe,*

J. LANGHORNE, *Speaker.*

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred Inwards. None.
Entred Out. Sloop Endeavour, John Reith, for Boſton.
Cleared Brigt. Peggy, John Sims, to Jamaica.
Sloop Happy, Wm. Halſon, to South-Carolina.

Advertiſements.

ANY Perſons capable of undertaking and performing the Office of Cording of Wood brought into the City of *Philadelphia*, by Land or Water, are deſired to apply to the Mayor, by whom they may be informed of the Conditions of that Office, in order to be preſented to the Mayor and Commonalty of the ſaid City for their Approbation of ſuch Perſons.

Philadelphia, Decemb. 22. 1733. *Thomas Griffitts*, Mayor.

THIS is further to give Notice, That any Perſon diſpos'd and capable to take Charge of the Publick Alms-houſe belonging to the ſaid City, and the Poor who are to be lodged and entertained there, are deſired to apply to the Mayor with their Propoſals, that the ſame may be laid before the Council for their Conſideration. *Thomas Griffitts*, Mayor.

Philadelphia, Decemb. 22. 1733.

To be Sold

BY *John Parſons*, a very good new brick Houſe well finiſh'd, thirty foot Front, two Story high, beſides a very large Cellar, and Garret, a good new Brick Kitchen, Stable, and a large Garden. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſame, may apply themſelves the aforeſaid *John Parſons* and know further.

N. B. The aforeſaid Houſe ſtands very commodiouſly in the Market-ſtreet in the Town of *Burlington* in New-Jerſey, very convenient for any Publick Buſineſs.

Prov. of Pennſilvania, *ſſ.* WHEREAS by publick Notice given early laſt Spring, all Perſons within the ſaid Province that were indebted to the Hon. the Proprietaries, were required to pay the ſame; for which Purpoſe certain Days were appointed in the month of *March*, and Attendance duly given by the Receiver-General: But notwithſtanding, the Perſons concerned have neglected to come in and pay off the ſame. Theſe are therefore to give further Notice, that the ſaid Rec. General has appointed to attend at his Houſe in *Philadelphia*, from the Date hereof, until the laſt Day of the Month called *February* next enſuing; within which Time all Perſons concern'd as aforeſaid, are required to make Payment accordingly; otherwiſe they will be proceeded againſt as the Law directs.

Philadelphia, the 12th of *Decem.* 1733.

A Choice parcel of large Iron Hoops to be ſold. Enquire at the Widow Gordon's in Front-ſtreet.

Juſt Publiſhed,

THE LAWS of the Province of New-Jerſey, which were enacted the laſt Seſſions of Aſſembly. Printed and ſold by B. Franklin.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.